4th problem sheet (20 points)

to be handed in on 05.01.2015 to the letterbox (foyer of Staudingerweg 7)

1. Pair annihilation e^+e^- into photons

$$e^+(p_2) e^-(p_1) \rightarrow \gamma(k_1) \gamma(k_2)$$

(a) (9P.) Show that the squared amplitude (averaged over initial spins and summed over the outgoing polarisations) is equal to

$$\frac{1}{4}\overline{|\mathcal{M}|^2} = 2e^4 \left[\frac{p_1k_2}{p_1k_1} + \frac{p_1k_1}{p_1k_2} + 2m^2 \left(\frac{1}{p_1k_1} + \frac{1}{p_1k_2} \right) - m^4 \left(\frac{1}{p_1k_1} + \frac{1}{p_1k_2} \right)^2 \right]$$
(1)

(b) (6P.) Calculate the differential cross section in the center of mass frame (the kinematics are shown in Figure 1). It should give

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{s} \left(\frac{E}{p}\right) \left[\frac{E^2 + p^2\cos^2\theta}{m^2 + p^2\sin^2\theta} + \frac{2m^2}{m^2 + p^2\sin^2\theta} - \frac{2m^4}{(m^2 + p^2\sin^2\theta)^2}\right]_{(2)}$$



Figure 1: Parametrisation of the momenta in the com system.

- (c) (2P.) What is the high energy limit $(E^2 \gg m^2)$ of the differential cross section?
- (d) (3P.) Explain where the divergence of the differential cross section in the high energy limit comes from. How is it regularised?